

Parallel (merge) sorting

9/26/24

Administrivia

- Reading for tomorrow: Section 14.1
- HW 3 (multithreading) due Tuesday 10/1
- Exam 1 out Wednesday
 - Multi-day takehome
 - Open notes and book, closed internet and friends
 - No class next Thursday (10/3)
 - Due early the next week (probably Monday night)
 - Everything thru multithreaded (induction, asymptotic ordering, AVL trees, D&C, multithreaded)

Recall: Merge sort

```
merge_sort(A, p, r) {  
    if p < r {  
        q = (p+r) / 2  
        merge_sort(A, p, q)  
        merge_sort(A, q+1, r)  
        merge(A, p, q, r)  
    }  
}
```

Parallelizing merge sort

```
merge_sort(A, p, r) {  
    if p < r {  
        q = (p+r) / 2  
        spawn merge_sort(A, p, q)  
        merge_sort(A, q+1, r)  
        sync  
        merge(A, p, q, r)  
    }  
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```

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```

What is the recurrence for the work of this function?

- A. $T_1(n) = T_1(n/2) + \log n$
- B. $T_1(n) = 2T_1(n/2) + \log n$
- C. $T_1(n) = T_1(n/2) + n$
- D. $T_1(n) = 2T_1(n/2) + n$
- E. None of the above

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What is the recurrence for the span of this function?

- A. $T_{\infty}(n) = T_{\infty}(n/2) + \log n$
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```

The span is $O(n)$

Work is $O(n \log n)$, so this doesn't give much parallelism

Need to look at parallelizing merge

Parallel merge (idea)

```
p_merge(A, B, C) {           //merge A and B into C
    handle base cases
    swap A and B if necessary so  $|A| \geq |B|$ 
    use binary search to find median of A in B
    spawn p_merge(left(A), left(B), left(C))
    p_merge(right(A), right(B), right(C))
    sync
}
```